



TRANSPARENT AND AGE-  
APPROPRIATE: WINNING THE  
ARGUMENT ON SCHOOL  
CURRICULUM

 McLaughlin & Associates



# KEY TAKEAWAYS

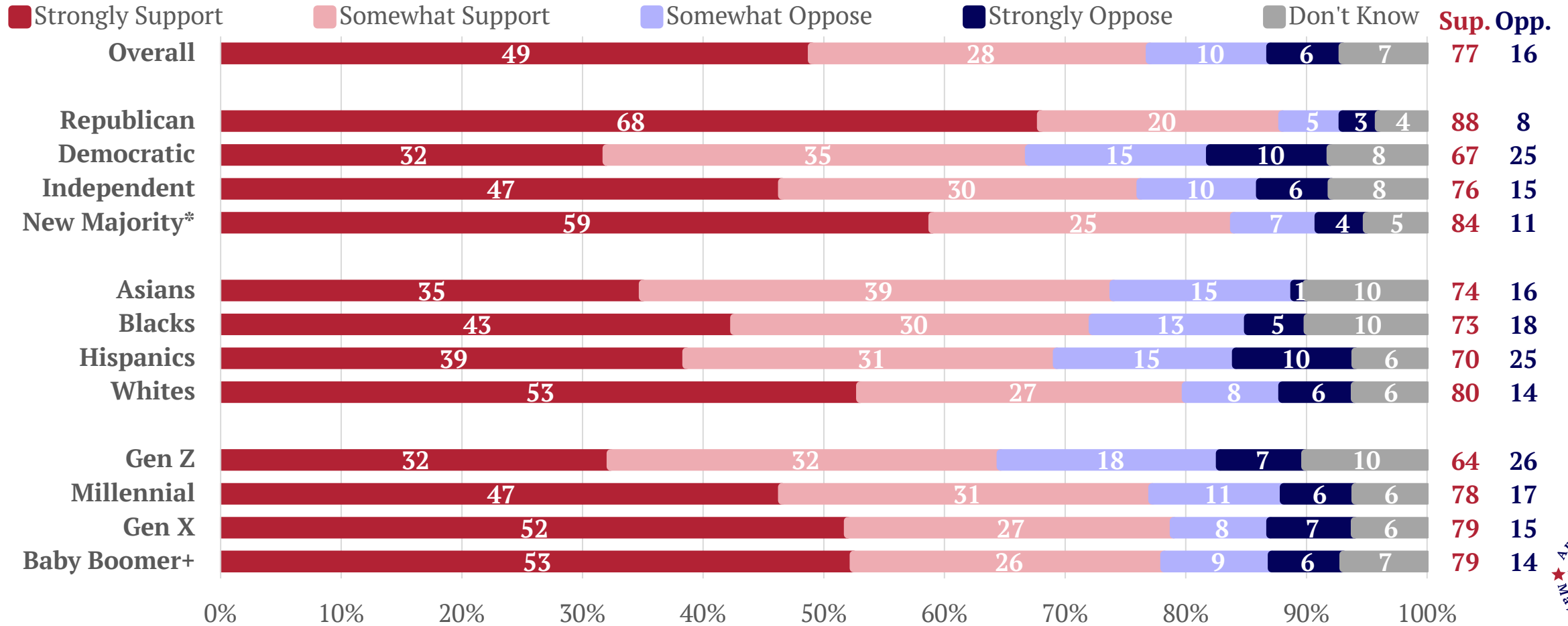
- Nearly 8-in-10 Americans support state and local efforts to ensure curriculum transparency in schools.
  - This includes majority support from all parties, races and age groups.
- More than 6-in-10 Americans support state and local efforts to prevent sexually explicit and pornographic material from being used in schools.
- More than 6-in-10 Americans also support state and local efforts to prevent discussion of gender identity and sexual orientation until after the third grade.

**BOTTOM LINE** – Significant majorities of Americans believe parents should have total visibility into what happens in classrooms and support efforts to ensure school curriculum and materials are age-appropriate.



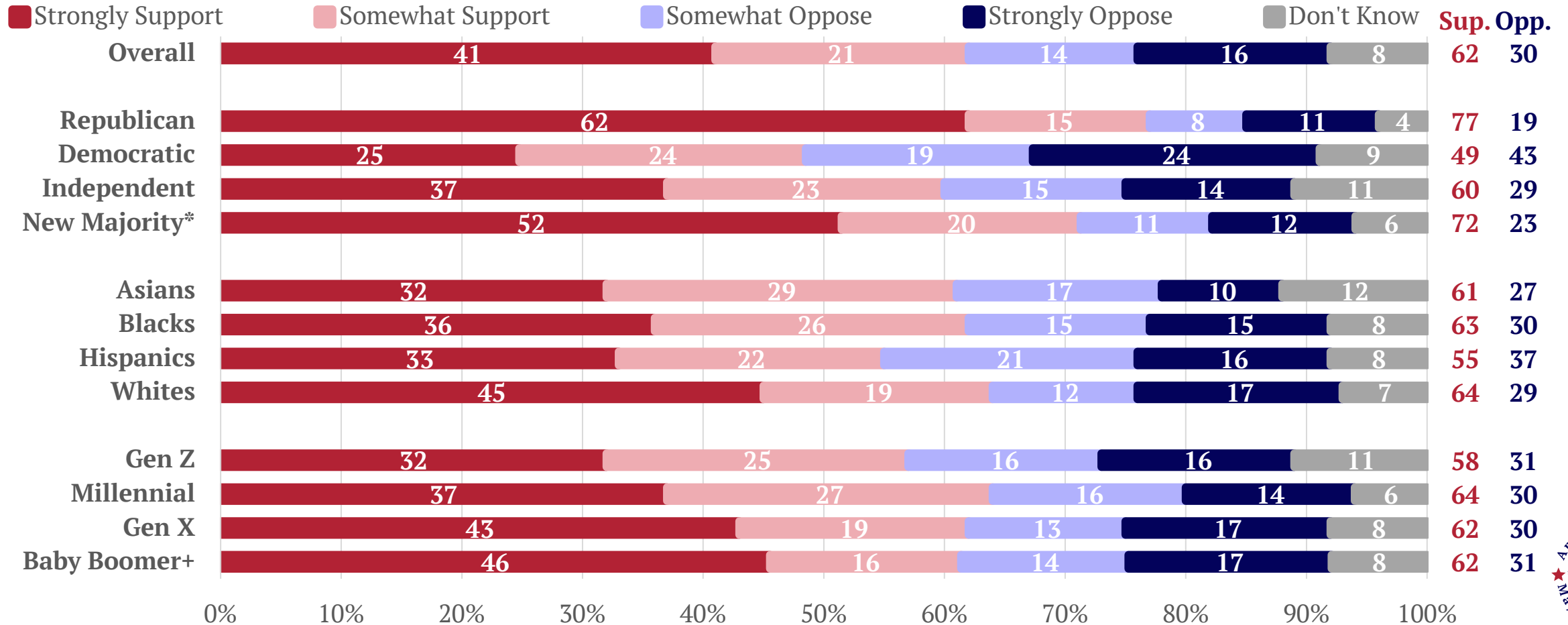
# STRONG SUPPORT FOR CURRICULUM TRANSPARENCY REQUIREMENTS

“Do you support or oppose efforts by state lawmakers and school boards to require transparency in the selection of classroom instructional materials, including library and reading materials, so parents know what their children are being taught?”



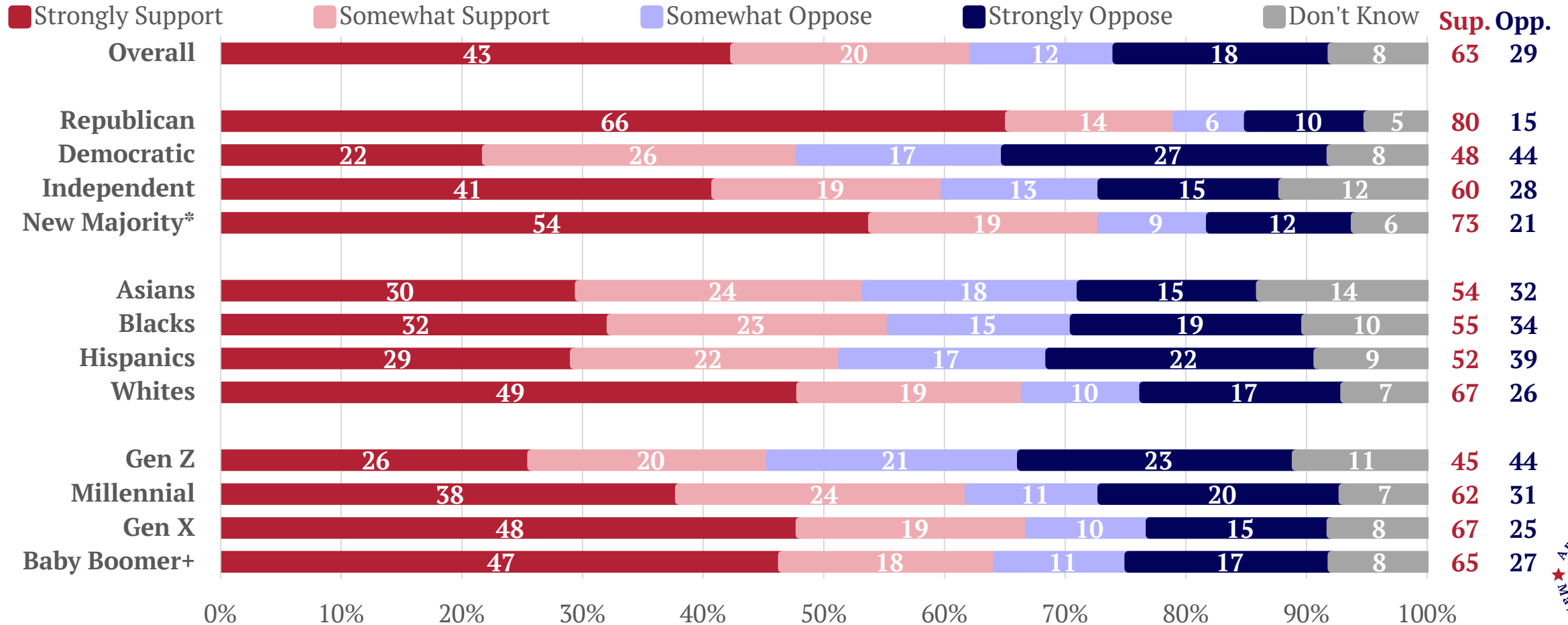
# AMERICANS SUPPORT EFFORTS TO KEEP EXPLICIT AND PORNOGRAPHIC MATERIAL OUT OF SCHOOLS

“Do you support or oppose efforts by state lawmakers and school boards to prevent books containing sexually explicit and pornographic material from being used in school classrooms and libraries?”



# MOST SAY SCHOOLS SHOULD WAIT UNTIL AFTER THIRD GRADE TO DISCUSS GENDER IDENTITY AND SEXUAL ORIENTATION

“Do you support or oppose efforts by state lawmakers and school boards to prevent discussion of sexual orientation and gender identity until after the 3rd grade?”

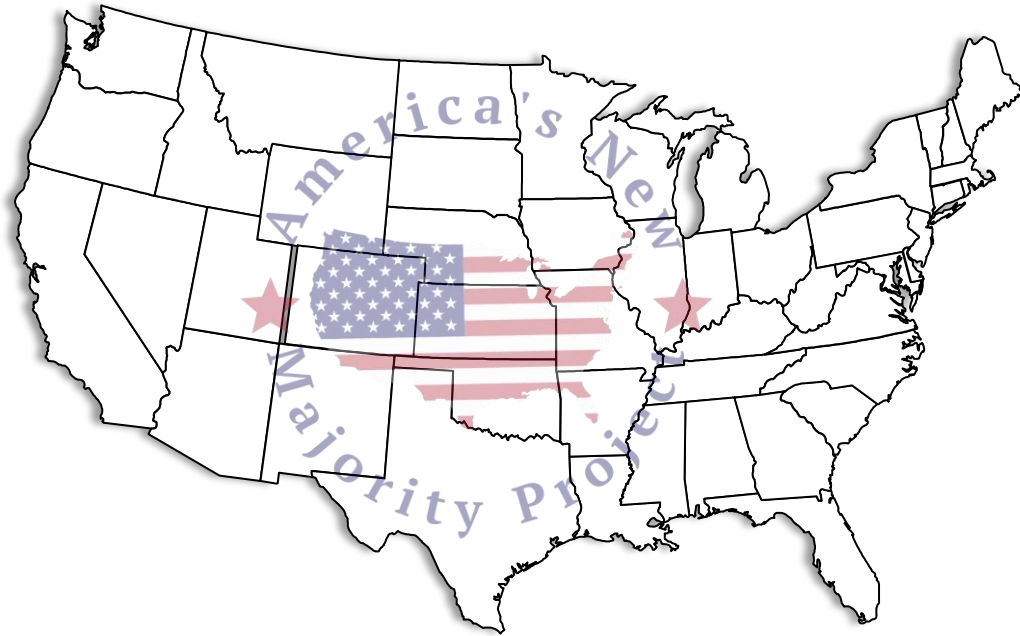


# Methodology

Mclaughlin & Associates partnered with Gingrich360 to conduct a national survey for America's New Majority Project. This national survey was conducted among 2,000 likely general election voters between June 8-11, 2023.

All interviews were conducted online. Survey invitations were distributed randomly within predetermined geographic units. These units were structured to correlate with actual general election turnout.

The sample of 2,000 likely general election voters has an accuracy of +/- 2.2% at a 95% confidence interval. The numbers in this presentation have been rounded and may not equal 100%.



New England	5%
Middle Atlantic	13%
East North Central	15%
West North Central	7%
South Atlantic	21%
East South Central	6%
West South Central	10%
Mountain	8%
Pacific	16%

18-29	15%
30-40	17%
41-55	25%
56-65	19%
66+	24%

White	68%
Hispanic	13%
Black	13%
Asian	4%
Other	2%

Male	47%
Female	53%

Democratic	37%
Republican	36%
Independent	27%

Less/4yr College	61%
Bachelor's/P.G	39%

